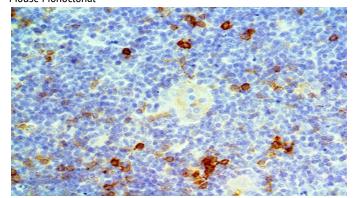
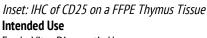
Bio Science For The World CD25

Clone: 4C9 Mouse Monoclonal







For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.

This antibody is intended for use in Immunohistochemical applications on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues (FFPE), frozen tissue sections, and cell preparations. Interpretation of results should be performed by a qualified medical professional.

Immunogen

Recombinant protein corresponding to the external domain of the Interleukin-2 Receptor molecule.

Summary and Explanation

CD25 is the alpha chain of the IL-2 receptor. It is a Type I transmembrane protein present on activated T-cells, activated B-cells, some thymocytes, myeloid precursors, and oligodendrocytes that associates with CD122 to form a heterodimer that can act as a high-affinity receptor for IL-2. It is expressed in most B-cell neoplasms,

some Acute Non-lymphocytic Leukemias, and Neuroblastomas.

Expression of CD25 is a reliable diagnostic tool for distinguishing neoplastic mast-cell aggregates from reactive proliferations, and has, therefore, recently become a minor criterion for the diagnosis of Systemic Mastocytosis (SM). Anti-CD25 antibodies have also been useful in identifying mast cells in skin biopsies in the setting of Urticaria Pigmentosa, which is predictive of Systemic Mastocytosis. Quantitation of regulatory T-cells (Treg) in the setting of hepatocellular carcinoma has been used as an independent predictive factor for tumor recurrence after hepatic resection for HCC. Also, the percentage of tumor-infiltrating CD25+FOXP3+regulatory T-cells among tumor cells, inside tumor parenchyma and at its periphery are significantly higher in recurrent Cutaneous Melanoma than in Non-recurrent Melanoma.

Antibody Type	Mouse Monoclonal	Clone	4C9	
lsotype	lgG2b	Reactivity	Paraffin, Frozen	
Localization	Cytoplasmic, Membranous	Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse	
Control	Tonsil, Small Bowel, Spleen, Mastocytosis, Hodgkin's Lymphoma			
Application	Leukemia & Histiocytic, Lymphoma, Liver Cancer, Melanoma & Skin Cancer			

Presentation

Anti-CD25 is a mouse monoclonal antibody derived from cell culture supernatant that is concentrated, dialyzed, filter sterilized and diluted in buffer pH 7.5, containing BSA and sodium azide as a preservative.

Catalog No.	Presentation	Dilution	Volume
BSB 6317	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	3.0 mL
BSB 6318	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	7.0 mL
BSB 6319	Predilute	Ready-to-Use	15.0 mL
BSB 6320	Concentrate	1:10-1:50	0.1 mL
BSB 6321	Concentrate	1:10-1:50	0.5 mL
BSB 6322	Concentrate	1:10-1:50	1.0 mL

Control Slides Available

Catalog No.	Quantity
BSB-9081-CS	5 slides

Storage Store at 2-8°C (Control Slides: Store at 20-25°C)

Precautions

1. For professional users only. Results should be interpreted by a qualified medical professional.

2. This product contains <0.1% sodium azide (NaN_3) as a preservative. Ensure proper handling procedures are used with this reagent.

3. Always wear personal protective equipment such as a laboratory coat, goggles, and gloves when handling reagents.

4. Dispose of unused solution with copious amounts of water.

5. Do not ingest reagent. If reagent is ingested, seek medical advice immediately.

6. Avoid contact with eyes. If contact occurs, flush with large quantities of water.

7. Follow safety precautions of the heating device used for epitope retrieval (TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or similar).

8. For additional safety information refer to Safety Data Sheet for this product.

9. For complete recommendations for handling biological specimens, please refer to the CDC document, "Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories" (see References in this document).

Stability

This product is stable up to the expiration date on the product label.

Do not use after the expiration date listed on the package label. Temperature fluctuations should be avoided. Store appropriately when not in use and avoid prolonged exposure to room temperature conditions.

Specimen Preparation

Paraffin sections: The antibody can be used on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue sections. Ensure tissue undergoes appropriate fixation for best results. Pre-treatment of tissues with heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) is recommended using Bio SB ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023), ImmunoDNA Retriever with EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033), or ImmunoDNA Digestor (BSB 0108-0112). See reverse side for complete protocol. Tissue should remain hydrated via use of Bio SB Immuno/DNA Washer solutions (BSB 0029 & BSB 0042).

Frozen sections and cell preparations: The antibody can be used on acetone-fixed frozen sections and acetone-fixed cell preparations.

IHC Protocol

1. Cut and mount 3-5 micron formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissues on positively charged slides such as Bio SB Hydrophilic Plus Slides (BSB 7028).

2. Air drv for 2 hours at 58° C.

3. Deparaffinize, dehydrate, and rehydrate tissues.

4. Subject tissues to heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) using a suitable retrieval solution such as ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate (BSB 0020-BSB 0023) or EDTA (BSB 0030-BSB 0033).

5. Any of three heating methods may be used:

a. TintoRetriever Pressure Cooker or Equivalent

Place tissues/slides in a staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA and place on trivet in the pressure cooker. Add 1-2 inches of distilled water to the pressure cooker and turn heat to high. Incubate for 15 minutes. Open and immediately transfer slides to room temperature.

b. TintoRetriever PT Module or Water Bath Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA at 95°-99° C. Incubate for 30-60 minutes.

c. Conventional Steamer Method

Place tissues/slides in a pre-warmed staining dish or coplin jar containing the ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA in a steamer, cover and steam for 30-60 minutes.

6. After heat treatment, transfer slides in ImmunoDNA Retriever with Citrate or EDTA to room temperature and let stand for 15-20 minutes. 7. For manual IHC, perform antibody incubation at ambient temperature. For automated IHC methods, perform antibody incubation according to instrument manufacturer's instructions.

8. Wash slides with ImmunoDNA washer or DI water.

9. Continue IHC protocol. Wash slides between each step with ImmunoDNA washer solution.

Abbreviated Immunohistochemical Protocol

Step	ImmunoDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector AP/HRP	PolyDetector Plus HRP
Peroxidase/AP Blocker	5 min.	5 min.	5 min
Primary Antibody	30-60 min.	30-60 min.	30-60 min.
1st Step Detection	10 min.	30-45 min.	15 min.
2nd Step Detection	10 min.	Not Applicable	15 min.
Substrate- Chromogen	5-10 min.	5-10 min.	5-10 min.
Counterstain/Coverslip	Varies	Varies	Varies

Symbol Key/Légende des symboles/Erläuterung der Symbole

QAdvis EAR AB Storage Temperature Manufacturer Catalog Number Ideon Science Park EC REP Limites de température Fabricant REF Scheelevägen 17 1

Référence du catalogue Zulässiger Temperaturbereich Hersteller Bestellnummer SE-223 70 Lund, Sweden Read Instructions for Use In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device **Expiration Date** Lot Number Consulter les instructions Ĩ IVD Dispositif médical de diagnostic in vitro Utiliser jusque LOT Code du lot d'utilisation In-Vitro-Diagnostikum Verwendbar bis Chargenbezeichnung Gebrauchsanweisung beachten

E-mail: sales@biosb.com | Website: www.biosb.com

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Mounting Protocols

For detailed instructions using biodegradable permanent mounting media such as XyGreen PermaMounter (BSB 0169-0174) or organic solvent based resin such as PermaMounter (BSB 0094-0097), refer to PI0174 or PI0097.

Product Limitations

Due to inherent variability present in immunohistochemical procedures (including fixation time of tissues, dilution factor of antibody, retrieval method utilized, and incubation time), optimal performance should be established through the use of positive and negative controls. Results should be interpreted by a gualified medical professional.

References

1. Hahn HP, Hornick JL, Am J Surg Pathol. 2007;Nov;31(11):1669-76

- 2. Hollmann TJ, et al. Am J Surg Pathol. 2008;Jan;32(1):139-45
- 3. Miracco C, et al. Oncol Rep. 2007;Nov;8(5):1115-22
- 4. Siddigui SA, at al. Clin Cancer Res. 2007;Apr1;13(7):2075-81

5. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Guidelines for Safe Work Practices in Human and Animal Medical Diagnostic Laboratories. Supplement/Vol. 61, January 6, 2012.

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/other/su6101.pdf