

## Recombinant Cynomolgus CRTAM/CD355 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSQ050013

### Description

<b>Synonyms</b>	Cytotoxic and Regulatory T-Cell Molecule; Class-I MHC-Restricted T-Cell-Associated Molecule; CD355; CRTAM
<b>Species</b>	Cynomolgus
<b>Expression_host</b>	Human Cells
<b>Sequence</b>	Ser18-Gly287
<b>Accession</b>	A0A2K5TKL4
<b>Mol_Mass</b>	30.8 kDa
<b>AP_Mol_Mass</b>	50-60 kDa
<b>Tag</b>	C-His

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS,pH 7.4.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Background

Cytotoxic and Regulatory T-Cell Molecule (CRTAM) is a member of Nectin family under the immunoglobulin superfamily that is expressed by activated CD8+ and NK T cells. CRTAM is found in spleen, thymus, small intestine, peripheral blood, and it is highly expressed by Purkinje cells of the cerebellum. CRTAM is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein containing one Ig-like C2-type domain and one Ig-like V-type domain in its extracellular domain, while its cytoplasmic region shows a potential class I PDZ domain. CRTAM is expressed as a homodimer on the cell surface but does not show homotypic binding in trans. The high affinity of CRTAM/IGSF4 adhesion allows CRTAM to disrupt IGSF4 homotypic interactions. IGSF4 and T cell receptor coengagement of CD8+ cells expressing CRTAM induces increased IFN $\gamma$  or IL-22 production.

## SDS-PAGE

