## **Elabscience**®

## Recombinant Human ACVR2B/ActivinR-IIB Protein (Fc Tag)(Active)

Catalog No. PKSH031743

Description	
Synonyms	Activin Receptor Type-2B; Activin Receptor Type IIB; ACTR-IIB; ACVR2B;Bone Morphogenetic Protein Receptor Type-2; BMP Type-2 Receptor; BMPR-5; Bone Morphogenetic Protein Receptor Type II; BMP Type II Receptor
Species	Human
Expression_host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met1-Thr134
Accession	NP_001097.2
Mol_Mass	40.0 kDa
AP_Mol_Mass	60-65 kDa
Tag	C-Fc
Bio_activity	1. Measured by its ability to neutralize Activin-mediated inhibition on MPC11 cell proliferation. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.02-0.1 µg/mL in the presence of 10 ng/mL recombinant Activin A.2. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. 3. Immobilized human ACVR2B at 10 µg/mL (100 µl/well) can bind biotinylated human INHBA-His, The EC50 of biotinylated human INHBA-His is 0.112 µg/mL.4. Immobilized human ACVR2B at 10 µg/mL (100 µl/well) can bind biotinylated mouse INHBA-His, The EC50 of biotinylated mouse INHBA-His is 0.161 µg/mL.
Properties	
Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

## Background

ACVR2A and ACVR2B are two activin type II receptors. ACVR2B is integral to the activin and myostatin signaling pathway. Ligands such as activin and myostatin bind to ACVR2A and ACVR2B. Myostatin, a negative regulator of skeletal muscle growth, is regarded as a potential therapeutic target and binds to ACVR2B effectively, and to a lesser extent, to ACVR2A. The structure of human ACVR2B kinase domain in complex with adenine establishes the conserved bilobal architecture consistent with all other catalytic kinase domains. Haplotype structure at the ACVR2B and follistatin loci may contribute to interindividual variation in skeletal muscle mass and strength. Defects in ACVR2B are a cause of left-right axis malformations.

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SDS-PAGE

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