

GRIN2D Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A10080 **3 Publications**

Basic Information

Observed MW

170kDa

Calculated MW

143kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D).

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

2906

Swiss Prot

O15399

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 330-480 of human GRIN2D (NP_000827.2).

Synonyms

GRIN2D;EB11;EIEE46;GluN2D;NMDAR2D;NR2D;NMDA 2D

Contact

 | www.abclonal.com

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

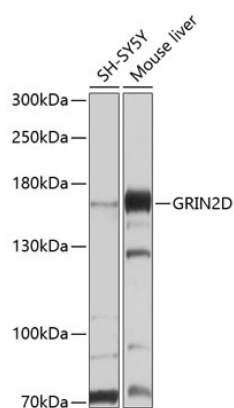
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using GRIN2D antibody (A10080) at 1:1000 dilution.

Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (A5014) at 1:10000 dilution.

Lysates/proteins: 25ug per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 60s.